## **PRODUCT APPLICATION NOTES**

# **M1 Audio Control**

# Basic control of distributed audio systems using the M1 Control



## COMPATIBLE AUDIO DISTRIBUTION CONTROLLERS

Russound - CAM & CAV series only (RNET)

Proficient - M4 & M6 (MZC series) Requires the Proficient Control Module Interface. (see page 10)

Nuvo - Grand Concerto and Essentia series.

NOTE: The extent of integration such as the number and type of commands supported varies by audio partner. Not all systems share or support all the same commands. Only 1 brand of audio equipment may be connected to a single M1 installation. Brands may not be combined or intermixed.

## FIRMWARE / SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

Elk-M1G Automation/Security Control with firmware 5.1.24 or later

Elk-M1XEP Ethernet Adapter with firmware 1.3.10 or later.

Elk-IP232 IP to Serial Adapter with firmware 1.0.16 or later

ElkRP2 Remote Programming Software (version 2.04)

\* Firmware "Flash" upgrade files may be downloaded from the Elk M1 Dealer site http://m1dealer.elkproducts.com

### **IMPORTANT NOTICE:**

The ELK-IP232 Bridge does not support encryption nor secure network connections. If remote (Internet) connections are allowed to it, whatever serial device is connected will be vulnerable. It is recommended that the Bridge be used within a local network only, behind a router and/or firewall.

## **OVERVIEW**

Effective with M1 Control firmware 5.1.24 and later it is now possible to control specific brands/models (see page 2) of distributed audio systems using the M1. The primary communications medium is TCP-IP (LAN "Network"), which requires the use of a Elk-M1XEP "Ethernet Port Interface" and a Elk-IP232 "IP to Serial Adapter". The IP232 connects to the serial port of the audio controller. At least 1 audio mfg. requires an additional hardware component to facilitate an RS232 serial connection. The M1 Control, M1XEP, and IP232 should have the most recent firmware (see page 2), which may require a flash update. This application document was written to assist with installation and operation of the Elk equipment. It is beyond the scope of this document to assist with setup of the audio equipment. The audio equipment should be completely setup and functional, and the Installer should be familiar with it's setup and operation PRIOR to connection of the Elk equipment. For questions about the audio equipment please consult the audio manufacturer or the manual supplied with that equipment.

#### HOW M1 AUDIO COMMANDS FUNCTION

M1 Audio commands originate from an M1 Automation Rule, or from the ElkRM Remote Management software running on a PC or Elk Touchscreen. The M1XEP receives commands and traffics them to/from the audio equipment. The M1XEP stores information about the audio brand/model, the zone and source names, and the IP address/Port of the IP232. Setup for all this information is done from ElkRP Programming Software, under a new tab on the M1XEP Setup screen. Two new command types "CD" and "CA", were added to the Elk ASCII serial protocol <u>http://www.elkproducts.com/pdf/ELK-M1\_RS232\_PROTOCOL.pdf</u> for use by the M1XEP. The M1XEP converts the ASCII commands into the appropriate native protocol of the audio controller.

PLEASE NOTE: There are no menus or buttons on an M1 Keypad that can support direct audio commands. However, it is possible to use other actions from a keypad (function keys, arm, disarm, etc.) to fire a task or trip an automation rule which can in turn send an audio command.

#### **M1 AUTOMATION RULES**

The 3 elements of an M1 Automation Rule are: <u>Whenever</u>, <u>And</u>, <u>Then</u>. "Whenever" defines an action or event used as a trigger. "Then" defines the action e.g. audio command to be executed or transmitted. "And" is used as a conditional, e.g filter, that can either allow or disallow the "Then" to be processed based on the named condition being true or not true. In other words, if a rule contains "And" statements they must ALL be true in order for the succeeding "Then" command(s) to execute. Below is an example of a rule that will turn audio Zone 1 On if the alarm system is disarmed within a certain time period.

WHENEVER alarm system becomes disarmed

AND the time of day is earlier than 11:00pm AND the time is later than than 8:00am THEN turn audio zone 1 ON

Audio commands are only available from "Then" elements. It is not possible for a rule to be triggered or filtered based on the audio condition or state, simply because the M1 does not keep track of the present condition or state of an attached audio controller. While commands are one way from the M1 to the audio controller, most are in fact acknowledged by the audio controller, and may result in a response or display by the ElkRM Remote software, or by a higher level 3rd party software. However, the M1 does not process the acknowledgements.

Source equipment attached to the audio controller may or may not be controllable from the M1 Automation Rules. The exact level of source integration varies by the brand/model of the audio equipment. Audio controllers that maintain extensive knowledge of their attached sources do not necessarily share this information out their "third party" RS232 serial ports, even though it may be viewable on their proprietary attached displays, etc.

As previously mentioned, all audio commands are communicated through the Elk-M1XEP Ethernet Interface across the LAN to an Elk-IP232 module. Setup involves programming the M1XEP will the IP address and Port number for the IP232 module, and the identification of which audio partner is being connected. Also very important is the source and zone names, which allows the rules options to become populated into the rule drop downs.

### HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

Compatible Audio Distribution System.[See page 2 for listing]Elk-M1G Automation/Security Control.}Elk-M1XEP Ethernet Adapter.} See page 2 for firmware versions]Elk-IP232 IP to Serial Adapter.}Serial Ribbon Cable for connecting M1G to M1XEP (supplied with Elk-M1XEP)Serial Ribbon Cable for connecting IP232 to Audio Equipment (supplied with Elk-IP232)

Cat 5 or Cat6 Network Cables (2) for connecting M1XEP & IP232 to LAN (not supplied) Network LAN Switch or Router with two (2) available connections for the M1XEP & IP232. (not supplied) ElkRP2 Programming Software for programming the ElkM1G [See page 2 for software version] IP232 Config Utility Software for configuring the ElkIP232

IMPORTANT: Carefully plan for the IP Addresses you intend to use. We recommend the M1XEP and IP232 both be assigned Static IP Addresses. These must comply with the LAN settings so they do not interfere with any other static addresses, and do not interfere with the range of DHCP (dynamic) IP Addresses being served on the network.



## **INSTALLATION AND PROGRAMMING**

IMPORTANT! Be certain that the Distributed Audio System is fully configured and working locally. DO NOT connect any external devices (IP232, M1XEP, Audio Control Module, etc.) until local audio operation is confirmed.

- 1. Connect the M1XEP to the M1 Control using 9 pin serial ribbon cable.
- 2. Connect the M1XEP to the LAN using a Cat5 or Cat6 network cable. (customer supplied).
- 3. Connect the Elk-IP232 to the Distributed Audio controller or adapter using a serial ribbon cable.
- 4. Connect the IP232 to the LAN using a Cat5 or Cat6 network cable. (customer supplied). Verify the M1XEP, the LAN Switch, and the IP232 are all powered up.
- 5. Configuring the IP232. Install & launch the IP232 Config Utility on a PC connected to the LAN.
  - Click <u>Search</u> to find the IP232 connected to the network.
  - Highlight the IP232 found and click Configure.

| The Name IP Address IP Address<br>"Search" above to search the network for bridges. Select one<br>is than one was found) and click "Configure" to configure it.   | Vet. 1.1.0<br>Search<br>Exit<br>Exit<br>Bridge found<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>1 Bridge found<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Exit<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Configure<br>Con |
|---|--|
| Configure Elk IP232 Hardware version 0.2 Bootloader Current DHCP assigned address   | version 1.0.6 Finnware version 1.0.16  |
| Device Name Russound<br>(Useful for "finding" an IP232 when more<br>than one is connected to the local network)<br>C Use DHCP to obtain an IP Address<br>C Use a Static IP Address<br>IP Address 192.168.100.178<br>Subnet Mask 255.255.25<br>Default Gateway 192.168.100.1 | Serial Port Settings       Read Settings         Baud rate       19200         Handshaking       None         Incoming TCP Connections       Incoming TCP Connections         TCP Port to accept connections       2101         Incoming UDP Packet Data *       Update Firmware         Port to listen for UDP packets       65535  |
| Outgoing Connections *<br>When and how to initiate (and close) a<br>1<br>2<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>6<br>The Elk-IP232 is limited to twelve simultaneous   | connection       Add New         Modify       Modify         Remove       Remove   |

- Verify the IP232 Firmware version is 1.0.16 or later. Update the firmware if it is older.

- Enter a descriptive Device Name for the IP232. This is useful for future identification on the network.
- Select DHCP or Static, and enter an IP Address, Subnet, & Gateway. We recommend a STATIC IP Address.
- Set the Serial Port Baud rate to 19,200 (Russound), or 57,600 (Nuvo or Proficient). Handshaking is None.
- Set the Incoming TCP "Port" to 2101. This is the recommended port but it can changed if desired.
- Do not change or set the Incoming UDP Port. Leave it at the default setting of 65535.
- Click <u>Send Settings</u> to program the IP232. This is <u>VERY IMPORTANT</u>! Click <u>Close</u> when done.

- 6. Configuring the M1XEP for Audio. The following steps are for setting up the Audio configuration of an M1XEP which has already been in active use with the M1 and Network. NOTE: If this is a new installation with a new "unconfigured" M1XEP, please follow the instructions that came with the M1XEP to get it configured and working with the M1 and the LAN, then proceed with the Audio configuration.
  - Launch the ElkRP2 Software on a locally networked PC and open the appropriate customer account.
  - Establish a connection with the M1 using the <u>Connection</u> > <u>Network</u> method.
  - Select the M1XEP setup box on the accounts details screen.
  - Select the Audio System tab.

|                | ×   | Same and Addess                            |                             | System                                   |              |      |
|----------------|---|--|-----------------------------|--|--------------|------|
| Account Detail | TYTE Setun  |  |                             |  |              |      |
| Aleas          | tistin seringp  |  |                             |  |              |      |
| Keypada        | Introduction   TDP/IP Settings   Passwards   Email   Central Station   Dynamic DNS   Time Server Audio System  <br>NOTE: This Feature is only available in ND/EPP with faraware version 1.28 or later |  |                             |  |              |      |
| Zones Input    |   |  |                             |  |              |      |
| Wielets Se     |   |  |                             |  |              |      |
| Culoff Tinier  | Audio Controles Manufactures/Model  |  | Protoient                   |  |              |      |
| Globale        | Audio Con   | tellar (P. Addance or 1181) (The IP232's a | debaren if united an (P292) | 00 100 100 100 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0 |              |      |
| Telephones     | Patient C.M.  | Post of Provide of the Line of the P       | assess and an rate 1        | 152.19d.100,100                          | ran   2101 🖃 |      |
| Communicat     |   |  |                             |  |              |      |
| amoniation     |   |  |                             |  |              |      |
|                | A   | adio Zone Nanes                            |                             | Audio Source Names                       |              |      |
|                | 1   | fri Harra                                  |                             | Sec Name                                 | A            |      |
|                | 1   | Living Floors                              | 100                         | 1 AM/FM Tuner                            |              |      |
|                | 2   | 2 Fanile Room                              |                             | 2 CD Player                              |              |      |
|                | 12  | 3 Den                                      |                             | 3 394751836                              |              |      |
|                | 1   | f Dichen                                   |                             | 4 Pod                                    |              |      |
|                | 1   | 3 Hone Theater                             |                             | 5 Direct TV                              |              |      |
|                |   | Batement                                   |                             | 6 N/A                                    |              |      |
|                | 1   | 0  |                             | 10                                       |              |      |
|                |   | a  |                             | 0  | 190          |      |
|                |   |  |                             | 10                                       | -            |      |
|                | 6   | 111  |                             |  |              |      |
|                | E   | 10   |                             |  |              |      |
|                | E   |  |                             | 200                                      |              |      |
|                | 5   |  | Rebost                      | Seret Rec                                | sive i rei   | Gaue |
|                | 6   |  | Rebect                      | Send Rec<br>ENRP>N1 N1>                  |              | Date |

- In the drop down box, choose the Audio Controller Manufactuer/Model from the available list.
- Enter an IP Address and Port for the "Audio Controller" (The Elk-IP232 connected to the Audio Controller).
- Enter descriptive names for the Audio Zones and Sources. These will be used later in Rules programming.
- DO NOT FORGET TO <u>SEND</u> all the programmed information to the M1G. Click <u>SEND</u>

## The M1XEP will need to reboot for all the changes to take effect. It may take up to 8 minutes to reboot. Elk-RP will be disconnected during reboot. Be patient, DO NOT attempt to re-connect until reboot is completed.

7. Once the M1XEP finishes rebooting it will attempt to connect with the IP232 attached to the audio controller. Upon successful connection, the M1XEP and IP232 will automatically synchronize with one another. The time required for this varies according to the Audio brand.

The next step will be to create and program some Rules into the M1 for controlling the Audio.

IMPORTANT: Audio commands are unavailable (blocked) when ElkRP is connected to the M1. The M1 and Audio Controller cannot send or receive information and rules containing Audio commands cannot be tested during this time. Essentially, while ElkRP is connected to the M1, all resources are 100% dedicated to ElkRP. In order to test or control Audio the M1 must be disconnected from ElkRP. After disconnecting allow at least 1 minute for the M1XEP to re-establish contact with the IP232.

#### 8. Creating Rules for Audio Commands

- Re-establish a connection with the M1 using the <u>Connection</u> > <u>Network</u> method.
- Select <u>Automation</u> > <u>Rules</u>.
- Click <u>New</u> to create a new M1 rule.
- Click <u>Whenever</u> and then select an event or occurrence to be used for triggering an Audio command.
   An example might be: <u>Whenever</u> > <u>Security/Alarms</u> > <u>Is Armed</u> > <u>Armed Away</u>. In this example you must choose the area or partition and click <u>OK</u>.
- Click <u>Then</u> > <u>Control Audio System</u>, and select the Audio command from the available list. See box below. Note: Greyed out selections are not available at that time or with the Audio Controller Brand/Model.

|  | Then Operands   |
|--|---|
| New Rule   | Control Audio   |
| WHENEVER AND THEN Edit Copy Paste Delete Help  | <ul> <li>A single zone</li> <li>C All zones</li> <li>Select Zone:</li> </ul>                            |
| Comments:  | Home Theater  |
| Rule:  | Turn OFF C Turn ON     Toggle power     O Next source     Select source                                 |
| WHENEVER Utitice Control (Area 1) IS ARMED AWAY<br>THEN TURN OFF Home Theater (Audio Zone 1) | C Previous C Next   |
|  | C Voldown C Volup C Mute<br>C Set volume to C 🚍<br>C Plav C Pause C Stop                                |
|  | C Favorite 1 C Favorite 2   |
|  | ○[-] ○[+]   |
|  | Greyed items are not available with selected<br>audio brand.  |
|  | An Elk-IP232 is required at the selected<br>audio equip, to receive the Audio commands.                 |
|  | An Elk-M1XEP must be connected to M1 to<br>send the Audio commands.                                     |
|  | Firmware requirements are: M1 = 5.1.20 or<br>later, M1XEP = 1.3.8 or later, IP232 = 1.0.16<br>or later. |
|  | Cancel OK   |

- Most commands are specific to a single Audio Zone. An exception is the All Zones button for All On, All Off.

- Click <u>OK</u> when the selection is complete.
- Click Done when the rule is complete.
- Don't forget to click Send to Control or else the M1 will not be aware of the new rule(s).

NOTE: With Russound the actual "Set volume to" will be equal to TWICE the programmed value in RP

**Testing an Audio Rule:** The Automation Rules "TEST" button does not work for testing Audio rules. Why? Because when ElkRP is connected to the M1XEP and M1 all communications is blocked between the M1XEP and the Audio Controller. The method for testing an Audio rule is:

- A. Disconnect ElkRP from the M1 and wait at least 1 minute after disconnect before proceeding.
- B. Activate the Whenever event that was used in the rule you wish to test. I.E. Arm the System to Away, press a Function Key, etc.

## **ELKRM vs M1 AUDIO COMMANDS**

Prior to the introduction of M1 Audio Commands, only the ElkRM Remote Management Software had the ability to control audio, and it was limited to Russound CAV or CAM systems. ElkRM sent its commands over the LAN to the M1XEP, which then sent the commands to an Elk-IP232 attached to the RS232 port of the Russound controller. Although the M1 Control was part of the loop, it did not have an ability to directly control the audio. No additional brands/models of audio equipment have ever been integrated to the ElkRM in this manner.

Now, with the development of M1 Audio Commands, both the M1 and the ElkRM are now able to control several brands and models of audio controllers from Russound, Proficient, and NUVO. While the level of integration may not be as extensive as the full blown capabilities ElkRM enjoyed with Russound, the audio commands are extensive, with the limitations being the level of feedback from the audio equipment, which varies according to the particular audio brand/model.

As it pertains to ElkRM and a Russound CAV or CAM controller, there are now two choices available:

Choice #1 - For Russound CAV & CAM installations ONLY, ElkRM can still be setup to go directly to the IP232, maintaining its original "full" Russound interface. Simultaneously, the new M1 Audio Rules can be used to send its commands through the M1XEP and then on to the IP232 connected to audio equipment.

Choice #2 - ElkRM can be setup to operate the supported audio equipment using a more "generic" interface. The display and buttons available from the ElkRM Audio screen will be reduced down to only the commands and capabilities available from the M1 Rules. Therefore, when connected with a Russound CAV or CAM the Audio screen will not be as extensive or as powerful as it would be using Choice #1 above.

#### SETTING UP A NEW INSTALL OF ELKRM TO USE M1 AUDIO COMMANDS - "GENERIC AUDIO"

If the M1XEP and IP232 have already been setup for M1 Audiol, there are only a few additional steps requred to get ElkRM going. If not, follow the M1XEP setup instructions from previous pages, PLUS the following:

- 1. Configure the M1XEP for inbound connections from ElkRM.
  - a. On the M1XEP Setup, TCP/IP Settings tab, the Non-Secure Port MUST be enabled.
  - b. SEND the configuration setup to the M1XEP and allow it to reboot. VERY IMPORTANT!
- 2. Configure ElkRM.
  - a. Launch ElkRM, then press Options > Installer Setup.
  - b. Program the IP Address/URL to the number assigned to the M1XEP.
  - c. Program the Port Number assigned to the M1XEP. Only the NON-SECURE Port is used.
  - d. Press Connect.
    - RM should report "Connected" followed by a synchronization of all fields.

## NOTE: If you don't see the Synchronize occur, manually press the Synchronize button. We recommend that you perform a manual synchronize following ANY changes to the M1 and/or the M1XEP.

e. Exit back to the main screen, then proceed to the AUDIO screen and test your results.

#### CONVERTING AN EXISTING INSTALL OF ELKRM TO USE M1 "GENERIC" AUDIO

These step are ONLY required if an existing copy of ElkRM has previously been used to connect directly to a Russound CAV or CAM system, and you now wish to change that to work like M1 Audio.

- a. Open the ElkRM Setup program (free with ElkRM), or the RMDesigner program (optional purchase).
- b. Locate and select the Audio Setup page, then select Comm Settings.
- c. DELETE the IP Address programmed for the ELK-IP232. This will force ElkRM to send it commands to the M1XEP for processing like all the other M1 Audio commands.

## Comparison of M1Audio Rule Command Support by Manufacturer

| <u>M1 Audio Command</u>                            | Russound *  | <u> Proficient (Speakercraft)</u> | NUVO         |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| POWER ON   | $\checkmark$                                      | $\checkmark$                      | $\checkmark$ |
| POWER OFF  | $\checkmark$                                      | $\checkmark$                      | $\checkmark$ |
| POWER TOGGLE                                       | $\checkmark$                                      | $\checkmark$                      | $\checkmark$ |
| NEXT SOURCE  | $\checkmark$                                      | $\checkmark$                      | $\checkmark$ |
| SET SOURCE TO                                      | $\checkmark$                                      | $\checkmark$                      | $\checkmark$ |
| SET VOLUME TO<br>& Actual Volume Setting will be 1 | $\sqrt{\otimes}$ FWICE the programmed value in RP | $\checkmark$                      | $\checkmark$ |
| VOLUME UP  | $\checkmark$                                      | $\checkmark$                      | $\checkmark$ |
| VOLUME DOWN  | $\checkmark$                                      | $\checkmark$                      | $\checkmark$ |
| MUTE   | $\checkmark$                                      | $\checkmark$                      | $\checkmark$ |
|  | NON ZO  | NE SPECIFIC COMMANDS              |              |

## ZONE SPECIFIC COMMANDS

# POWER ON - ALL ZONES ✓ ⊠ ⊠ POWER OFF - ALL ZONES ✓ ⊠ ⊠

#### ACTIONS RESULTING FROM SOURCE CONTROL COMMANDS

The compatibility and functionality of Source commands varies greatly by source and audio Mfg as shown. Note: Do not confuse NEXT with NEXT SOURCE (above). Do not confuse PEVIOUS with PREVIOUS SOUCE (above)

| M1 Audio Command  | Source - Action   | Source - Action                               | Source - Action                           |
|-------------------|---|---|---|
| NEXT              | Tuner - Next Preset<br>CD Changer - Next Track<br>IPod - Next Song  | <b>Tuner -</b> Next Preset<br>⊠<br>⊠          | X<br>X                                    |
| PREVIOUS          | Tuner - Next Preset<br>CD Changer - Next Track<br>IPod - Next Song  | <b>Tuner -</b> Next Preset<br>⊠<br>⊠          | X<br>X                                    |
| PLAY              | Tuner - Toggles AM/FM<br>CD Changer - Next Track<br>IPod - Next Song<br>"SMS" Music Serv - Begin Play         | <b>Tuner -</b> Next Preset<br>⊠<br>⊠          | <b>Tuner -</b> Next preset<br>⊠<br>⊠<br>⊠ |
| PAUSE             | Tuner - Mutes output<br>CD Changer - Pauses Play<br>iPod - Pauses Play<br>"SMS" Music Server - Pauses Play    | X<br>X<br>X                                   | X<br>X<br>X<br>X                          |
| STOP              | Tuner - Scan<br>CD Changer - Stops Play<br>iPod - ⊠<br>"SMS" Music Server - ⊠                                 | X<br>X<br>X                                   | X<br>X<br>X<br>X                          |
| PLUS "+"          | Tuner - Increments frequency<br>CD Changer - Steps to next disc<br>iPod - ⊠<br>"SMS" Music Server - ⊠         | <b>Tuner -</b> Increments frequency<br>⊠<br>⊠ | X<br>X<br>X                               |
| MINUS "-"         | Tuner - Decrements the frequency<br>CD Changer - Steps to previous disc<br>iPod - ⊠<br>"SMS" Music Server - ⊠ | Tuner - Decrements frequency<br>⊠<br>⊠        | X<br>X<br>X<br>X                          |
| FAVORITE 1 "Fav1" | Whatever Audio Equip is set to do   | $\boxtimes$                                   | $\boxtimes$                               |
| FAVORITE 2 "Fav2" | Whatever Audio Equip is set to do   |   | $\boxtimes$                               |

**Legend:**  $\checkmark$  = Supported  $\boxtimes$  = No Action, NOT Supported at this time.

## M1 & Russound



# M1 & Proficient



## **Glossary of Terms**

**Router**- Used to bridge the local area network LAN to the wide area network WAN. Separates and helps isolate private IP addresses of internal network and public IP addresses of the external network.

Switch/Router- Acts as a common connection point and traffic cop for network traffic on a local area network LAN.

Port - Identifier used by Internet transport protocols to distinguish among multiple simultaneous connections to a single destination host.

**MAC Address** - Unique number assigned during manufacture to identify each network interface on all network devices. Beginning digits identify the manufacturer, the remaining digits identify the specific interface on that individual device. Also known as a "physical" address. (Example: 00409D:256EC0)

LAN (Local Area Network) - a computer network covering a local area, like a home, office or small group of buildings such as a college.

**WAN** (Wide Area Network) - a computer network covering a wide geographical area, involving vast array of computers. The best example of a WAN is the Internet.

**ISP** (Internet Service Provider) - provides access to the Internet for others via some connectivity service(s). This might be in the form of dial up services, web hosting services or the combination of both.

DSL (Digital subscriber line) - type of broadband connection which operates over ordinary copper telephone lines.

**URL** (Uniform Resource Locator) - A string of characters that represents the location or address of a resource on the Internet and how that resource should be accessed. World Wide Web pages are assigned a unique URL. Also known as an Internet address or web address. (Example: http://www.elkproducts.com/)

**TCP/IP** (Transmission Control Protocol/ Internet Protocol) - the basic communication protocol of the Internet. This is a standard for routing and data transfer around the world. The Internet Protocol is a connectionless protocol which provides packet routing. TCP is connection-oriented and provides reliable communication and multiplexing.

**IP Address** (Internet Protocol Address) - the address of a computer attached to a TCP/IP network. Every client and server station must have a unique IP address. (Example: 192.168.0.1)

"Static" IP Address - a permanent or non-changing IP address that is assigned to a node in a TCP/IP network. Static IP addresses are generally used for servers, routers, etc.

"Dynamic" IP Address - an IP address automatically assigned to a client station in a TCP/IP network, typically by a DHCP server.

**DHCP** (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) - a standard method for assigning IP addresses automatically to the devices on a TCP/IP network. As a new device connects, the DHCP server assigns an IP address from a list of available addresses. The device retains this IP address for the duration of the session. Once the device disconnects the IP address becomes available for use again.