

PK-93329-10-B0-0AAR2253 (65100-1)

## **WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS**

- Read and understand all instructions. Follow all warnings and instructions marked on the product.
- Do not use this product near water e.g., near a tub, wash basin, kitchen sink or laundry tub, in a wet basement, or near a swimming pool.
- Never push objects of any kind into this product through openings, as they may touch dangerous voltages.
- Never install communications wiring or components during a lightning storm.
- Never install communications components in wet locations unless the components are designed specifically for use in wet locations.
- Never touch uninsulated wires or terminals unless the wiring has been disconnected at the network interface.
- Use caution when installing or modifying communications wiring or components.
- SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

## DESCRIPTION

The RC-1000 is a precision digital thermostat designed for 24 VAC heating and cooling systems. The RC-1000 will support the following systems:

Single Stage Heat/Cool Conventional

Heat Pump (2 Stage Heat / 1 Stage Cool)

Dual Fuel Heat Pump (2 Stage Heat / 1 Stage Cool)

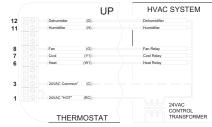
The RC-1000 has the capability of being controlled both locally and by remote control. It offers programmability, stand-alone operation, and robust, optically isolated communications with automation systems, utility control systems, and personal computers.

lectrical rating: 24 V; 2 A; 50/60 Hz

Maximum current: 2 A on any circuit, 3 A total

The following requirements must be observed for installation in Europe: CE

- This equipment must be installed in accordance with National wiring rules for the country in which it is installed.
- All product labels, instructions and markings relating to safety must be translated to a language, which is acceptable in the country in which this equipment is to be installed.



\* Common wire is required in "heat only" or "cool only" applications. Also use a common if heat, cool, or fan relay cannot supply 15mA to power thermostat, without activating.

Figure 6 - Connections for single stage heat/cool thermostat

## CONFIGURATION

From the factory, the RC-1000 is configured as a single stage conventional heat/cool thermostat. In the default configuration, this thermostat does not turn the fan on with a call for heat. If the furnace does not turn the fan on with a call for heat, the thermostat must be configured to do so under "System Options".

## POWER UP

- 1. Double check wiring, be sure that there are no stray wires or wire strands at the connections.

  2. Connect power to the transformer and everteen. The display will show the current thermostate.
- Connect power to the transformer and system. The display will show the current thermostat settings.
- 3. Press [FAN] and select "On". The fan should come on
- 4. Press [FAN] and select "Auto". The fan should go off.
- Set the Mode to "Heat". Raise the desired heat setting above the current temperature. Ensure that the heating unit comes on. Set the mode to "Off". Ensure that the heating unit goes off.
- Set the Mode to "Cool". Lower the desired cool setting below the current temperature. Ensure that the cooling unit comes on. Set the mode to "Off". Ensure that the cooling unit goes off.

The RC-1000 thermostat is designed to work with most single state conventional 4-wire HVAC systems (without a transformer common). However, if the RC-1000 "resets" when calling for heat or cool, or if the heat, cool, or fan relay cannot supply 15mA to power thermostat without the relay activating, the transformer common wire or the LEVITON Thermostat Power Supply Module (Part Number: 30A00-1) is required.

### INSTALLATION

Before installing this thermostat:

- . Read all of the Installation Instructions carefully.
- 2. Read the Owner's Manual carefully.
- 3. Ensure that this product is suitable for your application.
- Ensure that wiring complies with all codes and ordinances.
   Disconnect power to the control transformer to prevent electrical shock and damage to equipment.
- Select an appropriate location to ensure an accurate temperature reading.

### Location

When replacing an existing thermostat, install the RC-1000 in the same location. If the existing location doesn't meet the following criteria, choose a new location to mount the RC-1000. When choosing a location for the thermostat:

- Ensure that the thermostat is mounted 5 feet above the floor and is at least 2 feet from an outdoor wall.
- Ensure that the thermostat is located in an area where there is adequate air circulation
   Do not mount in the path of direct sunlight or of radiant heat generated by appliances.
- 4. Do not mount behind an outdoor wall, near a fireplace, or in the path of any air ducts.

## Removing an existing thermostat

- Disconnect the power to the control transformer
   Remove the cover to the existing thermostat.
- Disconnect the wires going to each terminal on the thermostat. Label each wire with the letter or number at the terminal.
- 4. Remove the existing plate or base from the wall.

### MOUNTING

When mounting the RC-1000, grasp the thermostat by the sides, avoiding the keys, and unsnap the base from the face. Holding the base to the wall so that the word "UP" is upright and facing you:

- 1. Mark the two mounting holes on the wall using a pencil.
- 2. Drill a hole using a 3/16" bit at each mounting hole marking.
- Install the two wall anchors supplied.
- Slide the system wires through the opening in the base.
- 5. Mount the base to the wall using the two #6 x 1/2" self-tapping screws supplied See Figure 1.

## About Heat Pump Systems

- 1) Terminal 5 (O) is energized for cooling Terminal 6 (B) is energized for heating. In most applications, the reversing valve is energized for cooling and should be connected to the "O" terminal. If the heat pump requires the reversing valve to be energized for heating, connect the reversing valve to the "B" terminal.
- 2) To temporarily disable Energy Efficient Control and heat as quickly as possible, press [HOLD] and select "On". The RC-1000 will use the Auxiliary Heat as needed to reach the heat setting.
- Terminal 9 (L) is used to indicate a fault with the heat pump compressor. When there is a compressor fault, the display will flash red and the "Heat Pump Fault" error message is shown.

   The Francisco Heat Belay (F. Terminal) and outdoor thermostate (usually accessories to a heat person.
- 4) The Emergency Heat Relay (E Terminal) and outdoor thermostats (usually accessories to a heat pump), are not used. The RC-1000 automatically controls auxiliary heat efficiently. If the heat pump is equipped with an outdoor thermostat, it should be removed from the auxiliary heat circuit.

## About Dual Fuel Heat Pump Systems

A dual fuel heat pump typically has a gas furnace combined with a heat pump. The gas furnace is used as auxiliary heat unless the outdoor temperature is very low, in which case it is used as the primary heat source.

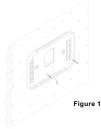
- When used with dual fuel heat pumps, the RC-1000 requires a method for obtaining the outdoor temperature. A temperature sensor can be physically connected to the "Remote Temp. Sensor" terminals on the thermostat or the RC-1000 can obtain the outdoor temperature from a remote system.
- If the RC-1000 can not obtain the outdoor temperature, the heat pump compressor will not operate and the thermostat will only call for the auxiliary heat until the problem is resolved. When this occurs, the display will flash red and the "Problem With Outdoor Temperature Sensor. Some Heat Stages May Be Disabled" error message is displayed. After the error has been acknowledged, "Outdoor Sensor Fault" will be displayed in the Message Bar until the problem is resolved.
- 2) Balance Setpoint Limits:
- If the outdoor temperature is above the "Upper Balance Setpoint" (45°F by default), the heat pump is used exclusively.

If the outdoor temperature falls below the "Upper Balance Setpoint" but is above the "Lower Balance Setpoint" (35°F by default) and if the heat pump is unable to heat at a rate of 5 degrees per hour or better, the heat pump will turn off and auxiliary heat will be used until the call for heat has been satisfied.

- If the outdoor temperature falls below the "Lower Balance Setpoint", the heat pump will turn off and the auxiliary heat will be used until the call for heat has been satisfied.

  The Balance Setpoint Limits can be adjusted according to the manufacturer's specifications under
- "Balance Setpoint" See Installation Settings.

  3) When the RC-1000 makes a call for auxiliary heat, the heat pump compressor is turned off and the auxiliary heat is used exclusively.

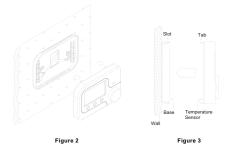


Connect each wire to the terminal strip(s) on the thermostat base per the wiring diagram for your system application - See Figures 4 - 7. Form the thermostat wiring so that the cable lies flat between the terminal strip(s) and the center of the base - See Figure 2.

If a remote system or temperature sensor is being used with the thermostat, connect the remote system or temperature sensor wiring per the diagram for the application - See Figures 8 - 11.

Upon completion of wiring the thermostat, push all excess wiring into the hole in the wall. Plug the hole with the supplied insulating foam to ensure an accurate temperature reading by the thermostat.

Align the tabs of the thermostat face with the slots of the thermostat base. Gently push the thermostat face into the thermostat base locking it into place - See Figure 2.



**NOTE:** Be sure that the thermostat temperature sensor is standing up, and that it has not been damaged during installation - See Figure 3.

## Heat Pump (2 Stage Heat / 1 Stage Cool)

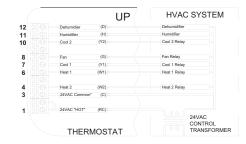


Figure 7 – Connections for heat pump thermostat

## CONFIGURATION

The "System Type" for this thermostat must be set to "Heat Pump" under "System Options". The "System Type" for this thermostat must be set to "Dual Fuel Heat Pump" for a dual fuel system (Terminal "W2" is connected to the "W" or "W1" on the furnace).

## POWER UP

- Double check wiring, be sure that there are no stray wires or wire strands at the connections.
- Connection
   C
- 3. Press [FAN] and select "On". The fan should come on
- 4. Press [FAN] and select "Auto". The fan should go off.
- i. Press [HOLD] and select "On" to override Energy Efficient Control.
  is. Set the Mode to "Heat". Raise the desired heat setting 1 degree above the current
- 6. Set the Mode to "Heat". Raise the desired heat setting 1 degree above the current temperature. Ensure that the heat pump comes on, in heating mode. After a few minutes, raise the desired heat setting 3 degrees above the current temperature. Auxiliary heat should come on. After a few minutes, set the mode to "EM Heat". The heat pump should stop but the auxiliary heat should remain on. Set the mode to "Off". Ensure that both the heat pump and auxiliary heat go off.
- Set the Mode to "Cool". Lower the desired cool setting below the current temperature. Ensure
  that the heat pump comes on, in cooling mode. Set the mode to "Off". Ensure that the cooling
  unit goes off.
- 8. Press [HOLD] and select "Off" to enable Energy Efficient Control.

## TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAMS

**CAUTION:** Do not short gas valve, fan, heat relay, or cool relay... even momentarily.

Do not attempt to hook up to live circuits. An accidental connection to a component on the thermostat circuit board could cause damage to the thermostat.

For HVAC systems with a single transformer, the metal jumper between Terminal 1 (RC) and Terminal 2 (RH) on the left terminal strip must remain in place.



Figure 4 – Thermostat power-up for test or configuration purposes

## Important Notes:

- For HVAC systems with a single transformer for heating and cooling, the metal jumper between Terminal 1 (RC) and Terminal 2 (RH) on the left terminal strip must remain in place – See Figure 4.
- From the factory, the RC-1000 is configured to control a single stage conventional HVAC system.

If the HVAC system is a heat pump or dual fuel heat pump, before operating the thermostat, the "System Type" settings under "System Options" must be configured – See Installation Settings.

- When configured as a conventional thermostat, by default this thermostat does not turn the fan
  on with a call for heat. If the furnace requires the thermostat to turn the fan on with a call for
  heat, configure the "System Mode" to "Fan On With Heat" under "System Options".
- A conventional thermostat can be configured for automatic changeover heat/cool, manual changeover heat/cool, heat only, or cool only thermostat.
- To disable the Task Buttons and Scroll Wheel to prevent local control of the thermostat, the buttons jumper (J6) labeled "BUTTONS" on the thermostat printed circuit board must be removed.
- Refer to the "Configuration" steps under the wiring diagram for the respective HVAC system type.
- If the thermostat or HVAC system does not perform as stated in the "Power Up" steps under the wiring diagram for the respective HVAC system, recheck all wiring - See Troubleshooting Tips.
- For HVAC systems with separate heating and cooling transformers, the metal jumper between Terminal 1 (RC) and Terminal 2 (RH) on the left terminal strip must be removed – See Figure 5.

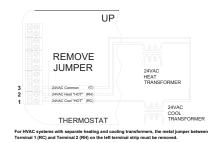


Figure 5 – Connections for heat and cool transformers - applies to all systems

## REMOTE SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAMS

This thermostat has been pre-programmed with energy saving program schedules. When used with a remote system, it is recommended that the Program Mode be configured as "None" or "Occupancy". This will disable the internal program schedules.

## SETTING THE COMMUNICATIONS JUMPER

This thermostat comes from the factory with the communications jumper (J8) labeled "COMM JUMPER" on the thermostat printed circuit board installed - See Figure 8.

When connecting to an LEVITON Home Control system or remote switch, this jumper must be installed.

When connecting to a PC or other device with a serial port, this jumper must be removed.

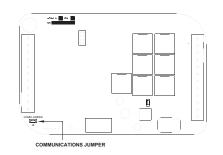


FIGURE 8 - COMMUNICATIONS JUMPER

## LEVITON HOME CONTROL SYSTEMS

The thermostat can be connected to an LEVITON Home Control system. The controller can send commands to the thermostat to change mode, cool setting, heat setting, status of fan and hold,

Run a 3 (or 4) conductor wire from the LEVITON system to the thermostat location. All thermostats on an LEVITON Home Control system are connected to Ground, Zone +16, and Output 8 - See Figure 9.

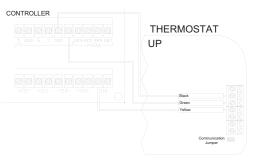


Figure 9 - Connections to LEVITON Home Control System

## Notes

- Additional thermostats are connected in parallel. They may be connected in home-run or daisy cLevitonn configuration.
- 2. When connecting to an LEVITON Home Control System, the communications jumper (J8) labeled "COMM JUMPER" on the thermostat printed circuit board must be in place.
- 3. All thermostats on an OmniLT controller are connected to the GRN (Green), BLK (Black), and YEL (Yellow) terminals under the section marked "TSTAT".

and M

### REMOTE SETBACK SWITCH

The thermostat can be connected to a remote switch to toggle the desired heat and cool temperature settings between preset setpoints. A signal can be sent from the remote switch location to change the thermostat temperature settings from the Occupancy Day temperature settings to the Occupancy Night temperature settings. To use this mode, the "Program Options" setting must be set to "Occupancy" - See Program Options.

Run a two-conductor wire from the remote switch to the thermostat location. Make the connections to the Black and Green terminals under the section marked "Comm" on the right terminal strip - See Figure 10.

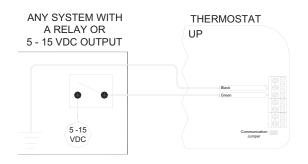


Figure 10 - Connections to a Remote Setback Switch

### OTHER SYSTEMS

Cool/Heat Min On/Off

For connections to personal computers, utility management systems, and other automation systems, refer to connection diagrams provided with personal computer software package or other system.

## REMOTE TEMPERATURE SENSOR

A remote temperature sensor can be installed to monitor the temperature from a remote location or can be combined with the onboard temperature sensor for the average temperature of two

Run a twisted pair, shielded cable from the RC-1000 to the remote temperature sensor location. For distances up to 100 feet, typical twisted pair, PVC-insulated, shielded cable may be used. For distances from 100-150 feet, twisted pair with polypropylene insulated conductors, shielded must be used. For distances from 150-250 feet, twisted pair with foam-polyethylene insulated conductors, shielded must be used. Wire runs must not exceed 250 feet.

Make the connections to the Green and Black terminals under the section marked "Remote Temp Sensor" on the right terminal strip - See Figure 11

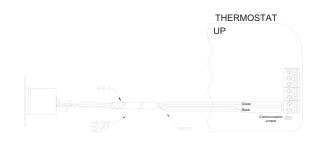


Figure 11 - Connections to a Remote Temperature Sensor

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- 1. When connecting a remote temperature sensor, the shield and one of the wires from the remote temperature sensor are tied together and get connected to the Black terminal - See
- 2. At the location of the temperature sensor, wrap the shield around the jacket of the cable and
- 3. Configure the temperature sensor according to the application See "Temperature Sensors"

### DISABLE LOCAL CONTROL

The Task Buttons and Scroll Wheel on the thermostat can be disabled to prevent anyone from controlling the thermostat locally.

To disable the Task Buttons and Scroll Wheel:

- Remove the thermostat face from the thermostat base.
- 2. Remove the local control jumper See Figure 12.
- 3. Align the tabs of the thermostat face with the slots of the thermostat base. Gently push the thermostat face into the thermostat base locking it into place.



Figure 12 - Local Control Jumper

### SETUP AND CONFIGURATION

**NOTE:** For proper operation of the features of this thermostat, the Time and Date must be set. Even when connected to an LEVITON controller which sets the time and day, the Date must be manually set in the thermostat under the "Settings" menu.

## INSTALLATION SETTINGS

This section describes the items that the installer must setup as part of the thermostat installation. The Installation Settings menu is used to configure the operating parameters of the thermostat.

To access the Installation Settings mode:

- 1. From the Home Page, press the Scroll Wheel.
- 2. Turn the Scroll Wheel until "Setup" is highlighted.
- 3. Press the Scroll Wheel or [Select] to select "Setup". 4. Turn the Scroll Wheel until "Installation Settings" is highlighted.
- 5. Press the Scroll Wheel or [Select] to select "Installation Settings"
- 6. Read the warning and then press [Continue] to proceed. 7. To exit Setup mode, press [Back] several times until the Home Page is displayed.

- 1. The thermostat will automatically default to the Home Page after 3 minutes of no key activity. 2. The word "default" indicates the initial setting when the thermostat is delivered from the factory.
- 3. Unless otherwise noted, an asterisk (\*) next to a setup item indicates the default setting.

## Thermostat Address

If you are using remote communications and you are installing more than one thermostat, each must be set to a unique address. The default address setting is 1

An address from 1-127 may be selected.

Communications Mod

The thermostat can communicate with remote systems in different modes. The following modes are available

Communications	*Serial: systems.	RS-232 mode for	use with perso	nal computers and	dautomation
Communications	Day/Night:	The thermostat r	emotely commu	nicates with a rem	ote setback
	switch.				
System Baud	*100	300	1200	2400	9600
Expansion Baud	100	300	*1200	2400	9600

## System Options

Note: Before operating the thermostat, the "System Type" and "System Mode" must be configured.

The thermostat can be configured with the following system options:

System Type	*	onve	ntion	al	D	ual Fue Pum		н	eat P	ump
	*Aut	o Ch	ange	over	Au	to Cha	ngeover	С	Aut hang	o eover
System Mode	Manu	al Ch	ange	over		Manı Chang			Man hang	ual eover
		Heat	Only							
		Cool	Only							
Fan On with Heat Stage	*No	1	2	1 and 2	1	2	1 and 2	1	2	1 and 2
	ne									

When configured, an additional Installer Setup menu item (Balance Setpoints) is added to the list. **Program Options** 

This thermostat has been preprogrammed with energy saving program schedules. When used with a remote system, it is recommended that the Program Mode be configured as "None" or "Occupancy". This will disable the internal program schedules.

The program options setting sets the method for scheduling temperature change commands.

	*Schedule:Program setpoints are based on time of day and day of week.
D	None: The internal program schedule is disabled. Use this when connected to a remote system for temperature change commands.
Program Mode	Occupancy: Program setpoints are based on the occupancy status of a remote system. Status options are Day, Night, Away, and Vacation. This mode is also used with a remote setback switch. Note: A remote system or switch is required.

## **Calibration Offset**

This item is used to raise or lower the current temperature reading from the onboard temperature sensor by .5 degree Fahrenheit or .25 degree Celsius. The default setting is 0.00.

These items are used to limit the desired temperature settings in cool and heat mode. The desired cool setting can never be set below the "Cool Setpoint Min" setting and the desired heat setting can never be set above the "Heat Setpoint Max" setting.

The default setting for cool is 51°F.

The default setting for heat is 91°F

These items are used to limit the on and off times of the cooling and heating system (in minutes).

Cool Minimum On	The number of minutes the thermostat forces the cooling system to remain of before turning off. Raising this number will increase the total time the cooling system is on (saving energy), but may allow the temperature to drift farther for setpoint (decreasing comfort). When combined with Cool Minimum Off, cycles phours can be obtained by using the following calculation: 60 / (Cool Minimum Off. Cool Minimum Off.). The default time is 6 minutes.
Cool Minimum Off	The number of minutes the thermostat forces the cooling system to remain of before starting again. Raising this number will increase the total time that it cooling system is off (saving energy), but may allow the temperature to drift farth from the setpoint (decreasing comfort). When combined with Cool Minimum O cycles per hours can be obtained by using the following calculation: 60 / (Co Minimum On + Cool Minimum Off). The default time is 6 minutes.
Heat Minimum On	The number of minutes the thermostat forces the heat to remain on before turning. Raising this number will increase the total time the heating system is of saving energy), but may allow the temperature to drift farther from the setpol (decreasing comfort). When combined with Heat Minimum Off, cycles per hours on be obtained by using the following calculation: 60 / (Heat Minimum On + Heat Minimum off). The defautit time is 6 minutes.
Heat Minimum Off	The number of minutes the thermostat forces the heat to remain off before starting again. Raising this number will increase the total time that the heating system is (saving energy), but may allow the temperature to drift farther from the setpoi (decreasing comfort). When combined with Heat Minimum On, cycles per hours cobe obtained by using the following calculation: 60 / (Heat Minimum On + He Minimum off). The defautt time is 6 minutes.

## Stage Settings

When configured as a heat pump thermostat, by default the BC-1000 is configures for two states of heat (auxiliary heat is included in this number). If the heat pump is not equipped with auxiliary heat, the Heat Stages setting may be set to one (in this configuration, auxiliary will never be

## **EEC Control**

The EEC Settings are used to configure Heat and Cool Energy Efficient Control and the Auxiliary Heat Differential (when configured as a heat pump thermostat EEC: This item configures Energy Efficient Control (EEC). EEC continually monitors the

performance of the HVAC system and uses a PID algorithm and auto balance routine to achieve comfort while saving energy. A setting of 0 will disable EEC. When EEC is disabled, the RC-1000 will attempt to maintain the temperature within 0.5 degrees F of the setpoint. A lower setting of 2-3 can be used for slow reacting sources (e.g. radiant heat) and higher setting of 7-8 for fast reacting sources (e.g. forced air). The default setting is 5.

On heat pump systems, EEC allows the RC-1000 to use auxiliary heat only when necessary. If it determines that the heat pump is able to heat at a rate of 5 degrees per hour or better, the auxiliary heat will not be used. If the heat pump is unable to heat at this rate, the thermostat will use the auxiliary heat as needed. Under these conditions, the heat pump will run continuously and the auxiliary heat will cycle on and off as needed.

Auxiliary Heat Differential: This determines how far from the setpoint the temperature has to be before the auxiliary heat turns on. This is only available for heat pump systems.

Start Delay (Minutes): This item sets the minimum amount of time the heating system must run before the Auxiliary Heat Stage is used. To use this start delay, EEC must be enabled and Hold must be off.

	Conventional (1	Cool / 1 He	eat)	Heat Pum Dual Fuel Heat		
	Heat EEC	*5	0 - 10	Heat EEC	*5	0 - 10
EEC Settings	Cool EEC	*5	0 - 10	Cool EEC	*5	0 - 10
				Aux Heat Differential	*2	1 - 10
				Start Delay (Minutes)	*5	0 - 4hr:15min

## **Anticipator Control**

The Anticipator Control settings are used to "anticipate" the need to turn the system on or off before the temperature is actually at the setting. As humans, we perceive temperature as a combination of heat in the air and heat radiated from the walls and surroundings. The thermostat also measures a combination of air and wall temperature. When heating, the air temperature rises faster than the wall temperature. The thermostat will turn the heat off briefly to prevent overheating the air while the wall temperature catches up. When cooling, the thermostat will periodically run the cooling system to circulate the air and remove humidity when the temperature is close to, but not above the desired cool setting. Because of the PID algorithm and auto balance routine which monitors the performance of the HVAC system, the anticipator settings are automatic by default. However, the anticipator settings may be adjusted if desired. Heat Anticipator: This adjusts the tendency of the thermostat to turn the heating unit off before the desired heat setting is reached. This is done to avoid overheating the air while the walls and furniture catch up. A setting of 0-4 is intended for fast reacting heating systems, such as forced air. A setting of 6-10 is intended for slow reacting heating systems, such as radiant heat. A setting of 5 is used for automatic anticipation. A lower setting will decrease the tendency to turn off the heating system before the desired heat setting is

will help maintain an even space temperature. Cool Anticipator: This adjusts the tendency of the HVAC to run the cooling system to refresh and dehumidify the air before the temperature rises to the desired cool settings. A setting of 0-4 is intended for more humid climates and will increase the tendency for the cooling system to turn on to refresh and dehumidify the air. A setting of 6-10 is intended for dry climates and will decrease the tendency to run the cooling system below the cooling setting. A setting of 5 is used for automatic anticipation.

reached. If the heating system response time is slower, as are most radiant heating systems, a higher number

2nd/3rd Stage Extended On: When enabled and if any 2nd or 3rd stage turns on, it will remain on until the heat/cool is satisfied, regardless of the settings for any stage differentials. The default setting is off.

Cool Anticipator	*5	
Heat Anticipator	*5	
2 <sup>nd</sup> /3 <sup>rd</sup> Stage Extended On	*Off	

## Temperature Sensors

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The Temperature Sensor settings are used to configure the internal temperature sensor and an optional remote temperature sensor that is connected to the thermostat. When the internal sensor is enabled and the external sensor is set to "Indoor", the displayed temperature will be the average temperature of the two sensors.

Internal Sensor: This will enable or disable the onboard temperature sensor for indoor use only.

External Sensor 1: This will enable the external temperature sensor for indoor or outdoor use. Indoor temperatures are averaged between the sensors. \*Disabled

## Balance Setpoints (Dual Fuel Heat Pump)

The Balance Setpoints are used to determine when the auxiliary heat is used in a dual fuel heat

If the outdoor temperature is above the "Upper Balance Setpoint" (45°F by default), the heat pump s used exclusively.

If the outdoor temperature falls below the "Upper Balance Setpoint" but is above the "Lower Balance Setpoint" (35°F by default) and if the heat pump is unable to heat at a rate of 5 degrees per hour or better, the heat pump will turn off and the auxiliary heat will be used until the temperature rises above the "Upper Balance Setpoint" or the call for heat has been satisfied. If the outdoor temperature falls below the "Lower Balance Setpoint", the heat pump will turn off and the auxiliary heat will be used until the call for heat has been satisfied

This option will restore all system settings and programming to factory fresh configuration. Read the warning and then press [Yes] to proceed or [Cancel] to return to Installation Settings.

## TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS

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Check power to the thermostat
Check wiring diagrams
ACTION TO TAKE
1. Check for break in W or Y wire
Allow minimum off time to pass
3. Check system options for correct settings
4. If arrow is blinking, wait until startup delay expires
5. Mode is Off (Select Heat, Cool, or Auto)
Remote system is overriding thermostat
ACTION TO TAKE
<ol> <li>Checkwires and connections to the section marked "REMOTE SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAMS"</li> </ol>
2. Check thermostat address setting
3. Check communications mode setting
4. Check setup of the remote system
o items for the thermostat and the remote system are set to the
, ,
o items for the thermostat and the remote system are set to the
o items for the thermostat and the remote system are set to the proper configurations for communication  ACTION TO TAKE
b items for the thermostat and the remote system are set to the proper configurations for communication
Ditems for the thermostat and the remote system are set to the proper configurations for communication  ACTION TO TAKE  1. Allow 30 minutes for thermostat to adjust. 2. Adjust calibration offset
o items for the thermostat and the remote system are set to the proper configurations for communication  ACTION TO TAKE  1. Allow 30 minutes for thermostat to adjust.
ACTION TO TAKE  1. Allow 30 minutes for thermostat to adjust. 2. Adjust calibration offset 3. Change setup option to display °F or °C
ACTION TO TAKE  1. Allow 30 minutes for thermostat to adjust. 2. Adjust calibration offset 3. Change setup option to display °F or °C
Ditems for the thermostat and the remote system are set to the proper configurations for communication  ACTION TO TAKE  1. Allow 30 minutes for thermostat to adjust. 2. Adjust calibration offset 3. Change setup option to display °F or °C e thermostat up to 30 minutes for an accurate temperature reading
ACTION TO TAKE  1. Allow 30 minutes for thermostat to adjust. 2. Adjust calibration offset 3. Change setup option to display °F or °C e thermostat up to 30 minutes for an accurate temperature reading
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ACTION TO TAKE  1. Allow 30 minutes for thermostat to adjust. 2. Adjust calibration offset 3. Change setup option to display °F or °C e thermostat up to 30 minutes for an accurate temperature reading  ACTION TO TAKE  1. Cycle power to the thermostat (R).

# FCC Compliance

ent has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

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Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
 Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected. - Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help

## FOR CANADA ONLY

For warranty information and/or product returns, residents of Canada should contact Leviton in writing at Leviton Manufacturing of Canada Ltd to the attention of the Quality Assurance Department, 165 Hymus Blvd, Pointe-Claire (Quebec), Canada H9R 1E9 or by telephone at 1 800 405-5320.

### LEVITON LIMITED WARRANTY Leviton warrants to the original consumer purchaser and not for the benefit of anyone else that products

manufactured by Leviton under the Leviton brand name ("Product") will be free from defects in material and workmanship for the time periods indicated below, whichever is shorter: • OmniPro II and Lumina Pro: three (3) years from installation or 42 months from manufacture date. • OmniLT, Omni IIe, and Lumina: two (2) years from installation or 30 months from manufacture date. • Thermostats. Accessories: two (2) years from installation or 30 months from manufacture date. • Batteries: Rechargeable batteries in products are warranted for ninety (90) days from date of purchase. **Note:** Primary (non-rechargeable) batteries shipped in products are not warranted. Products with Windows® Operating Systems: During the warranty period. Leviton will restore corrupted operating systems to factory default at no charge. provided that the product has been used as originally intended. Installation of non-Leviton software or modification of the operating system voids this warranty. Leviton's obligation under this Limited Warranty is limited to the repair or replacement, at Leviton's option, of Product that fails due to defect in material or workmanship. Leviton reserves the right to replace product under this Limited Warranty with new or remanufactured product. Leviton will not be responsible for labor costs of removal or reinstallation of Product. The repaired or replaced product is then warranted under the terms of this Limited Warranty for the remainder of the Limited Warranty time period or ninety (90) days, whichever is longer. This Limited Warranty does not cover PC-based software products. **Leviton is not responsible for conditions or** applications beyond Leviton's control Leviton is not responsible for issues related to improper installation, including failure to follow written installation and operation instructions, normal wear and tear, catastrophe, fault or negligence of the user or other problems external to the Product. To view complete warranty and instructions for returning product, please visit us at www.leviton.com.

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